

Overview of progression in EYFS Knowledge and Skills



	Literacy						
	N2	N3	Rec	ELG			
Comprehension	 Interested in and anticipates books and rhymes. Enjoy sharing books with an adult. May have favourite books, rhymes and songs. 	 Has some favourite stories, rhymes, songs, stories or jingles. Listen to and join in with stories and poems I:I and in small groups. Repeats and uses actions, 	 Enjoy an increasing range of print and digital books, both fiction and non-fiction. Engage in story times and books. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and 	Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary			
	 Begin to join in with actions and sounds in songs and books. Enjoy rhythmic and musical activity. Fill in the missing word in a known rhyme. 	words or phrases from familiar stories. Begin to be aware of the way that stories are structured. Talks about characters and settings in stories.	 Retell a familiar story in their own words or exact repetition of the story. Know that stories are structures with a beginning, 	Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories.			
	 Say some words from familiar songs, stories or rhymes. Develop play around familiar stories using props. 	 Join in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events in familiar stories. Talk about stories, and learn new vocabulary from books. 	 middle and end. Describes main story settings, events and characters in increasing detail. Re-enact and reinvent stories that they have heard in their play. Learn and know a wide variety of rhymes, poems and songs. 	Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non- fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.			
	Notice pictures and some print	Begin to recognise familiar	Use new vocabulary and forms of speech from stories and non-fiction books. Read individual letters by saving.				
Word reading	 Notice pictures and some print in books and the environment e.g. a door with a number on. Handle books, printed and digital reading material with interest. 	 Begin to recognise familiar logos e.g. Asda, Disney. Understands that print has meaning. 	 Read individual letters by saying the sound for them. Blend sounds into words (oral blending). 	 Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet ad at least 10 digraphs. Read words consistent with 			
		 Understands that we read from left to right, top to bottom. Recognise familiar words and signs such as own name. Begin to develop phonological and phoneme awareness including- Show awareness of rhyme and alliteration. Recognise rhythm in spoken words. Clap and tap syllables. Begin to hear and say initial sounds in words. 	 Read letter groups (digraphs) that represent one sound. Blend and read cvc words. Blend and read words containing digraphs. Blend and read cvcc, ccvc ccvcc words. Read a few common exception words. Read simple words and sentences with known letter sounds. Reread books to build up confidence and fluency. 	 their phonics knowledge by sound-bending Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words. 			
		 Begin to orally blend sounds in words. Looks at and enjoys print and digital books independently. 	Begin to recall more tricky words.				
Writing	Early mark-making is the beginning of writing. It is a sensory, physical and cognitive experience. As toddlers develop, they increase their understanding of how their marks are symbolic and convey meaning. (Birth-5 matters) • Enjoy the sensory experience of making marks. • Enjoy drawing freely.	 Write own name. Write letter like shapes and use lines, curves and circles to convey meaning. Begin to write some letters accurately. Begin to write initial sounds for words. 	 Write own name independently and beginning to write surname. Form lower case and capital letters correctly. Use letters to correctly represent initial sounds in words. Spell simple cvc words by identifying the sounds and writing the letters. 	Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.			
	 Begin to understand the cause and effect of their actions in mark-making. Know that the marks they make are of value. 	 Begin to write from left to right. Sometimes gives meanings to drawings and paintings. Draw figures with some detail. 	 Write phonetically plausible attempts at longer words. Write simple captions, labels and later sentences. 	 Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters. 			
	 Make marks on their drawing that represent something e.g. 'that says mummy'. Make marks that stand for their name. Enjoy drawing and mark-making on a range of media and on different textures e.g. paper, sand, foam. Begin to draw simple figures. 	 Ascribes meaning to signs, symbols and words that they see and to their own that they have made. Include mark-making and early writing in their play. 	 Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense. Begin to use capital letters, finger paces and full stops. Give meaning to marks that they make as they draw, paint, write and type using a keyboard. Draw a range of things including figures with added details. 	Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.			
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Learning does not move forward in a straight forward way for all children. All children may not follow progression models in the same way, but we have mapped it out to show a general pattern of child development.